- (6) Taking temporary possession of any part or parts of a place of business, or remaining in a place of business after the person in charge of such business or portion of such business has ordered such person to leave the premises and to desist from the temporary possession of any part or parts of such business; or
- (7) Acting in such a manner as to annoy, disturb, interfere with, obstruct, or be offensive to others; or
- (8) Congregating with others on a public street and refusing to move on when ordered by the police; or
- (9) Interfering with any person in any place by jostling against such person, or unnecessarily crowding him or by placing a hand in the proximity of such person's pocketbook or handbag; or
- (10) Throwing any stone or any other missile in any street, avenue, alley, road, highway, open space or public square or enclosure, or throwing any stone or other missil from any place into any street, avenue, road, highway, alley, open space, public square or enclosure.

## ARTICLE 18. CRIMINAL TRESPASS

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person to commit the crime of criminal trespass. Criminal trespass is:
- (1) The unauthorized and intentional taking possession of any tract of land or stucture thereon without the consent of the owner thereof; or
  - (2) The unauthorized and intentional entry upon any:
  - (a) Plot of immovable property in excess of one acre which is posted but not enclosed,
    - (b) Plot of immovable property which is posted and enclosed,
    - (c) Posted lands belonging to public institutions; or
    - (d) Structure, water craft or movable.

#### B. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of criminal trespass, the following definitions are

(d) Structure, water craft or movable.

# B. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of criminal trespass, the following definitions are adopted:

- (1) "Posted" property means any immovable property which is designated as such by the owner, lessee or other person lawfully authorized to take such action, provided the following requirements are satisfied:
  - (a) The owner or person seeking to post the property shall place and maintain signs along the boundaries of the property or area to be posted, which signs shall be written in the English

language, and said signs shall contain the words, "Posted" or "Private Property", or words to that effect.

- (b) The signs shall have letters at least five inches in height and shall be of sufficient size and clarity to give notice to the public of the location and boundary of the posted property. The signs shall be placed and maintained at intervals of not more than one-eighth of a mile and shall be at least three but not more than nine feet above the ground or water level.
- (c) At the main entrance to the property and at no less than four extremities along the boundary of said property the party seeking to post same shall include his name and address on the posted signs in addition to the words "Posted", or "Private Property", or words to that effect.
- (2) "Enclosed" property means any immovable property which is surrounded or encompassed by natural and/or artificial barriers.

Artificial barriers include:

- (a) Any wall or wire, stone, metal or wooden fence,
- (b) Any cattle-guard being used as part of a fence, or
- (c) Other similar barriers.

#### ARTICLE 19. DESTRUCTION, DEFACING OR REMOVING OF POSTED SIGNS

It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally and without authority destroy, deface or remove posted signs, or signs designating or purporting to designate the boundary lines of immovable property.

#### ARTICLE 20. ENTRY ON OR REMAINING IN PLACES AFTER BEING FORBIDDEN

It shall be unlawful for any person without authority of laws to go into or upon or remain in or upon any structure, water craft or any other movable which belongs to another, including public buildings and structures, ferries and bridges, or any part, portion or area thereof, after having been forbidden to do so, either orally or in writing, including by means of any

ferries and bridges, or any part, portion or area thereof, after having been forbidden to do so, either orally or in writing, including by means of any sign hereinafter described, by any owner, lessee, or custodian of the property or by any other authorized person. Providing however nothing herein contained shall apply to a bona fide legitimate labor organization or to any of its legal activities such as picketing, lawful assembly or concerted activity in the interest of its members for the purpose of accomplishing or securing more favorable wage standards, hours of employment and working

conditions. For the purposes of this Article, the above mentioned sign means a sign or signs posted on or in the structure, water craft or any other movable, including public buildings and structures, ferries and bridges, or part, portion or area thereof at a place or places where such sign or signs may be reasonably expected to be seen.

# ARTICLE 21. AIDING AND ABETTING OTHERS TO ENTER OR REMAIN ON PREMISES WHERE FORBIDDEN

It shall be unlawful for any person to incite, solicit, urge, encourage, exhort, instigate or procure any other person to go into or upon or to remain in or upon any structure, water craft or any other movable or immovable, which belongs to another, including public buildings and structures, ferries and bridges, or any part, portion or area thereof, knowing that such other person has been forbidden to go or remain there, either orally or in writing, including by means of any sign hereinafter described, by the owner, lessee or custodian of the property or by any other authorized person.

Providing however nothing herein contained shall apply to a bona fide legitimate labor organization or to any of its legal activities such as picketing, lawful assembly or concerted activity in the interest of its members for the purpose of accomplishing or securing more favorable wage standards, hours of employment and working conditions.

For the purposes of this Article, the above mentioned sign means a sign or signs posted on or in the structure, water craft or any other movable or immovable, including public buildings and structures, ferries and bridges, or part, portion or area htereof, at a place or places where such sign or signs may be reasonably expected to be seen.

Any law enforcement officer investigating a complaint that the provisions of this Article are being or have been violated or any such officer making any arrest for violation of the provisions of this Article, is hereby vested with authority to require any person involved in such investigation or arrest to identify himself to such officer. Upon demand of such officer, the person

any arrest for violation of the provisions of this Article, is hereby vested with authority to require any person involved in such investigation or arrest to identify himself to such officer. Upon demand of such officer, the person involved shall inform the officer of his true name and address.

#### ARTICLE 22. THEFT

It shall be unlawful for any person to commit the crime of theft. Theft is the misappropriation or taking of anything of value of less than \$100.00 which belongs to another, either without the consent of the owner to the misappropriation or taking, or by means of fraudulent conduct, practices or representations. An intent to deprive the owner permanently of whatever may

be the subject of the misappropriation or taking is essential.

#### ARTICLE 23. UNAUTHORIZED USE OF MOVABLES

It shall be unlawful for any person to commit the crime of unauthorized use of movables. Unauthorized use of movables is the intentional taking or use of any movable which belongs to another, either without the other's consent, or by means of fraudulent conduct, practices or representations, but without any intention to deprive the other of the movable permanently. The fact that the movable so taken or used may be classified as an immovable, according to the law pertaining to civil matters, is immaterial.

#### ARTICLE 24. RECEIVING STOLEN THINGS

It shall be unlawful for any person to commit the crime of receiving stolen things. Receiving stolen things is the intentional procuring, receiving, or concealing of anything of value which has been the subject of any robbery or theft, under circumstances which indicate that the offender knew or had good reason to believe that the thing was the subject of one of these offenses.

#### ARTICLE 25. LITTERING

It shall be unlawful for any person to commit the crime of littering. Littering is the placing, throwing or depositing of trash, debris or deleterious material or substance by any person on public or private property without proper consent of the occupant of the private property, or the owner if there is no occupant present. It is not necessary that the deposited substance be trash, debris or deleterious by its nature if its presence is offensive to a person of ordinary sensibility or tends to constitute a hazard. This provision shall include, without limiting the application hereof, the throwing of paper containers, bottles and beer cans on public property or the property of another, except in containers provided for the deposit of such materials.

#### ARTICLE 26. GAMBLING

It shall be unlawful for any person to commit the crime of gambling.

Gambling is the intentional conducting, or directly assisting in conducting, as a business, of any game, contest, lottery, or contrivance whereby a person risks the loss of anything of value in order to realize a profit.

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Gambling is the intentional conducting, or directly assisting in conducting, as a business, of any game, contest, lottery, or contrivance whereby a person risks the loss of anything of value in order to realize a profit.

ARTICLE 27. PEEPING TOM

If slight he distantat for any berson to commerce

It shall be unlawful for any person to perform such acts as will make him a "Peeping Tom" on or about the premises of another, or go upon the premises of another for the purpose of becoming a "Peeping Tom".

"Peeping Tom" as used in the Article means one who peeps through windows or doors, or other like places, situated on or about the premises of another for the purpose of spying upon or invading the privacy of persons spied upon without the consent of the persons spied upon. It is not a necessary

element of this offence that the "Peeping Tom" be upon the premises of the person being spied upon.

### ARTICLE 28. KEEPING A DISORDERLY PLACE

It shall be unlawful for any person to commit the crime of keeping a disorderly place. Keeping a disorderly place is the intentional maintaining of a place to be used habitually for any illegal purpose or for any immoral sexual purpose.

# ARTICLE 29. LETTING A DISORDERLY PLACE

It shall be unlawful for any person to commit the crime of letting a disorderly place. Letting a disorderly place is the granting of the right to use any premises knowing that they are to be used as a disorderly place, or allowing the continued use of the premises with such knowledge.

# ARTICLE 30. UNLAWFUL SALES TO MINORS

It shall be unlawful for any person to make unlawful sales to minors.

"Unlawful sales to minors" is the selling, or otherwise delivering for value by anyone of any intoxicating or spiritous liquors, or any firearm or other instrumentality customarily used as a dangerous weapon, to any person under the age of seventeen. Lack of the knowledge of the minor's age shall not be a defense.

Nothing in this Article shall be construed as relieving any licensed retail dealer in beverages of either high or low alcoholic content of any responsibilities imposed upon said dealer under the provisions of Title 26 of the Louisiana Revised Statues of 1950 as amended.

# ARTICLE 31. UNLAWFUL PURCHASES, POSSESSION OR CONSUMPTION BY PERSONS UNDER THE AGE OF EIGHTEEN.

- (A) It is unlawful for any person under the age of 18 to purchase any alcoholic beverage either of high or low alcoholic content.
- (B) It is unlawful for any person seventeen years of age or younger to possess or consume any alcoholic beverage either of high or low alcoholic content.

(A) The Town of Dubach and the governing authority thereof adopt by reference all of the provisions of Chapter 1 of Title 32 of the Revised Statues of Louisiana, including R.S. 32:1 through 32:399, the same being the Highway Regulatory Act of the State of Louisiana, as well as all regulations of the Department of Highways and the Director of Public Safety adopted pursuant thereto, with respect to all streets, highways or public ways located within the corporate limits of this municipality.